High Dynamic Range Imaging (HDRI)









Why?

Some Background



Contrast Ratio is 1:10

Two numbers, e.g.: 1:1000

Digital Camera Contrast Ratio 1:256

LCD Monitor Contrast Ratio 1:1000

Our eyes are logarithmic

Film is logarithmic

Cameras Use EVs

EVs are a logarithmic measure of light levels

$$1 \text{ EV} = 1 \text{ Stop}$$

Digital Cameras are Linear

Digital Camera Dynamic Range ~8 EV

Photo Paper: 6EV

The eye: 14EV!

How do we print what we can see?

HDRI

Adaptation





8 bits per colour

Pixels

Gamma Curve

256 light levels





32 bits per colour

Floating point

HDRI

+/- 8.43*10⁻³⁷ to 3.40*10³⁸

What does this mean?



No more lost data



Image stored linearly



Can't print the image as is!







Demo